**Consolidated Comparative Financial Statements** 

March 31, 2021

March 31, 2021

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#### **Independent Audit Report**

To the Board of Directors MARKSANS PHARMA INC.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of MARKSANS PHARMA INC. and its subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2021 and the related consolidated statements of income, retained earnings and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion on the Financial Position**

In our opinion, the consolidated balance sheet presents fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of MARKSANS PHARMA INC. and its subsidiaries as of March 31, 2021, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Virmani, CPX, P.C.

#### **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

March 31,

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 547,506	\$ 836,798
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	15,745,861	13,774,016
Inventory	18,139,935	11,752,230
Other current assets	775,951	908,589
Total Current Assets	35,209,253	27,271,633
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	14,665,441	13,884,430
Intangibles, net of accumulated amortization	3,474,655	3,746,119
Other long term assets	317,567	487,021
Total Assets	\$ 53,666,916	\$ 45,389,203
Current Liabilities Line of credit Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Other current liabilities	\$ 2,342,508 \$ 13,155,251 2,393,000	\$ 1,934,993 8,078,576 2,393,000
Total Current Liabilities	17,890,759	12,406,569
Long term debt	7,138,203	7,000,000
Total Liabilities	25,028,962	19,406,569
Equity		
Common stock, \$.01 pv; 200 shares auth. and 100 issued	1	1
Additional Paid-in Capital	26,381,742	26,381,742
Equity (Deficit)	2,256,211	(399,109)
Total Equity	28,637,954	25,982,634
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 53,666,916	\$ 45,389,203

#### **Consolidated Statements of Income**

	2021	2020
Revenue		
Goods and services	\$ 77,530,344 \$	59,231,765
Sales returns and allowances	(6,513,564)	(4,089,533
Net revenue	71,016,780	55,142,232
Cost of goods sold		
Purchases	52,108,184	32,120,832
Direct wages	4,824,459	4,547,376
Payroll taxes	463,924	419,299
Other direct costs	5,190,546	3,965,954
Allocated overhead	2,139,528	1,785,686
Inventory change	(6,135,599)	2,574,997
Cost of goods sold	58,591,042	45,414,144
Gross profit	12,425,738	9,728,088
Operating expenses		
Utilities	759,792	795,219
Travel expenses	67,781	170,164
Salaries and wages	2,766,649	2,755,254
Repairs and maintenance	94,188	23,918
Rental	106,424	80,632
Property taxes	192,284	150,900
Professional fees	379,552	397,823
Penalties	1,433	1,162
Other operating expenses	42,101	39,184
Office expenses	83,179	81,168
Miscellaneous Expense	(652,193)	738,647
Memberships and licenses	352,377	367,833
Interest and bank charges	262,000	39,118
Insurance	1,140,063	734,029
Employee benefits	1,038	4,985
Depreciation of tangible assets	768,006	540,378
Depreciation of intangible assets	271,464	271,104
Computer-related expenses	144,383	118,658
Commissions	939,403	423,335
Bad debt expense	1,815,351	577,782

#### **Consolidated Statements of Income**

	2021	2020
Advertising and promotion	51,507	52,303
Payroll taxes	133,484	152,319
Total operating expenses	9,720,266	8,515,915
Income from operations	2,705,472	1,212,173
Non operating income and expenses		
Interest income	107	224
Income before income taxes	2,705,579	1,212,397
Income taxes		
Current income taxes	50,260	24,356
Net Income	\$ 2,655,319	\$ 1,188,041

**Consolidated Statements of Retained Earnings** 

		2021	2020
Common shares	\$	1 \$	1
Deficit - beginning		(399,109)	(1,587,151)
Net Income	2	,655,319	1,188,041
Equity (Deficit) - ending	\$ 2	,256,211 \$	(399,109)

**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows** 

	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ 2,655,319 \$	1,188,041
Depreciation and amortization	1,039,470	811,482
Inventory	(6,387,705)	2,071,961
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets	132,638	855,919
(Increase) decrease in receivables	(1,971,845)	(2,661,074)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	5,076,675	1,080,536
TOTAL CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	544,552	3,346,865
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Payments to acquire property, plant, and equipment	(1,549,017)	(3,368,066)
Line of credit	407,517	-
Long term debt	138,203	-
NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,003,297)	(3,368,066)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Deferred financing	169,453	-
OTHER ACTIVITIES:		
Net cash increase (decreases) in cash and cash equivalents	(289,292)	(21,201)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	836,798	857,999
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 547,506 \$	836,798

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2021 and 2020

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### *NATURE OF BUSINESS*

Marksans Pharma, Inc. ("Marksans") a New York corporation, is a wholly owned subsidiary of Marksans Pharma, Ltd., India ("Parent"). On June 22, 2015, Marksans acquired the stock of Time-Cap Laboratories Inc. ("Time-Cap") and its wholly owned subsidiary Custom Coating Inc. ("Coatings"). Simultaneously, Marksans Realty LLC ("Realty"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Time-Cap, was formed and acquired the real estate in which Time-Cap and Coatings have their operations. Time-Cap and Coatings are engaged primarily in the manufacture, coating, distribution and sales of pharmaceutical products in the continental United States.

#### PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Marksans and its wholly owned subsidiaries Time-Cap, Coatings and Realty (collectively, the "Company"). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

#### REVENUE RECOGNITION

Sales revenue is recognized in accordance with industry practice which is when all the risks and benefits of ownership of products have been transferred to customers under executed sales agreements.

#### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of balance sheet presentation and reporting of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At times, the Company's cash may be uninsured or in deposit amounts that exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance limit. At March 31, 2021, all of the Company's cash was held in one financial institution.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2021 and 2020

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

#### **LEASES**

The Company has operating leases for a facilities expiring in 2024 and 2029. The Company will amortize the total lease cost on a straight line basis over the minimum lease term.

#### ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable are stated at an amount the Company expects to collect from outstanding balances. The Company's exposure to credit risk is dependent, to a large extent, on the pharmaceutical industry. The Company routinely addresses the financial strength of its customers, and, as a consequence, believes that its receivable credit risk is limited.

The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and adjusts credit limits based upon payment history and the customer's current creditworthiness, as determined by a review of their current credit information. While credit losses have historically been within the Company's expectations, the Company cannot guarantee that the same credit loss rates will be experienced in the future. The allowance for doubtful accounts reflects management's best estimate of probable losses inherent in the accounts receivable balance.

Accounts receivable are written off when they are determined to be uncollectible. Based on management's evaluation of collectability, an allowance for doubtful accounts has not been provided as the amount is not considered material at March 31, 2021.

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The estimated fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their carrying amounts due to their short-term maturities. The carrying value of the capital lease obligations approximates fair value based upon the market interest rates available to the Company for capital lease obligations with similar risk and maturities.

#### <u>INVENTORIES</u>

The Company values its inventories at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2021 and 2020

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method ranging from five to thirty-nine years.

#### **GOODWILL**

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price of a business over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired. The Company has elected the accounting alternative to amortize goodwill on a straight-line basis over ten yeas and elected to test goodwill for impairment at the entity level upon occurrence of a triggering event.

#### **INTANGIBLES**

Intangibles consist of marketing rights with an indefinite life which are not being amortized, but will be evaluated for impairment on an annual basis or at other times during the year if events and circumstances indicate that it is more likely than not that the fair value of the marketing rights is below the carrying value.

#### IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

The Company reviews its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstance indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Long-lived assets held for use are subject to an impairment assessment if the carrying value is no longer recoverable based upon the undiscounted cash flows of the assets. The amount of the impairment is the difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of the asset. The Company does not believe any of its long-lived assets were impaired at March 31, 2021.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2021 and 2020

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

#### **INCOME TAXES**

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial statements and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company records net deferred tax assets to the extent it believes these assets will more-likely-than-not be realized. In making such determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidences, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax planning strategies and recent financial operations. In the event the Company were to determine that it would be able to realize its deferred income tax assets in the future in excess of its net recorded amount, the Company would make an adjustment to the valuation allowance which would reduce the provision for income taxes.

The Company accounts for tax benefits from an uncertain tax position taken or expected to be taken only if it is "more likely than not" that the position is sustainable upon tax authority examination, based on its technical merits. The tax benefit of a qualifying position under this guidance would equal the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon settlement with a taxing authority having full knowledge of all the relevant information. A liability is established in the financial statements to the extent a current benefit has been recognized on a tax return for matters that are considered contingent upon the outcome of an uncertain tax position. In the opinion of management, the Company has no uncertain tax positions. The Company's policy is to recognize interest and penalties on recognized tax benefits in income tax expense, if any, in the income statement.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2021 and 2020

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

#### **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant accounting estimates made by the Company relates to allowances for doubtful accounts, impairment of long-lived assets and useful lives of intangibles. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **ADVERTISING EXPENSE**

Advertising costs, included in selling expenses, are expensed as incurred.

#### RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842): Accounting for Leases ("ASU 2016-02"), which supersedes existing guidance on accounting for leases in Topic 840 and generally requires all leases, including operating leases, to be recognized in the balance sheet as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities by lessees. For private business entities, the amendments in this ASU are effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those annual periods. The Company is evaluating the effects that adoption for this ASU will have on its consolidated financial statements. In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an update ("ASU 2014-09") Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance provides five steps for an entity to achieve that core principle and provides disclosure requirements for revenue recognition. The guidance also specifies the accounting for some costs to obtain or fulfill a contract with a customer. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, Defen-al of the Effective Date, which amended the effective date to reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018 for nonpublic reporting entities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2021 and 2020

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

#### RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (Cont.)

In March 2016, the FASB issued an update ("ASU 2016-08"), Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net), which clarifies the guidance on principal versus agent considerations. In April 2016, the FASB issued an update ("ASU 2016-10"), Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing, which provides clarification related to identifying performance obligations and licensing implementation guidance under ASU 2014-09. In May 2016, the FASB issued an update ("ASU 2016-12"), Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients, which amends guidance on transition, collectability, noncash consideration and the presentation of sales and other similar taxes. The effective date and transition requirements are the same as those in ASU 2014-09 for all subsequent clarifying guidance discussed herein. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting these ASU's on the Company's financial statements.

#### NOTE 2 CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk, consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and trade accounts receivable.

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the diverse group of customers to whom the Company sells. The Company reviews a customer's credit history before extending credit, and will establish an allowance for possible losses, if necessary, based upon factors such as the credit risk of specific customers, historical trends and other information.

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS

As of March 31, 2021 and 2020, five customers accounted for approximately 62.9% and 53.5%, respectively. of total accounts receivable. Revenues from these customers were approximately, 54% and 44%, respectively, of total revenues.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2021 and 2020

#### NOTE 3 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property, plant, and equipment consist of the following at March 31, 2021 and 2020:

	3/31/21	3/31/20
Land	\$ 62,080	62,080
Building and improvements	10,569,804	9,811,635
Machinery and Equipment	6,588,297	5,831,286
Furniture and fixtures	63,635	63,635
Vehicles	94,546	60,709
	17,378,362	15,829,345
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,712,921</u> )	<u>(1,944,915</u> )
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$ <u>14,665,441</u>	13,884,430

Depreciation expense for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was, \$768,006 and \$540,378, respectively.

#### NOTE 4 GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLES

Goodwill and intangibles consist of the following at March 31, 2021:

	Goodwill	<u>Intangibles</u>
Balance - April 1, 2020	\$ 4,517,141	\$ 2,275,000
Accumulated amortization and adjustment	(3,317,486)	
Balance - March 31, 2021	\$ <u>1,199,655</u>	\$ <u>2,275,000</u>

As of March 31, 2019, the Company had received a settlement agreement with the original sellers, whereby, the company received cash of \$4,000,182 towards the original purchase price and hence the original Goodwill was adjusted by the same amount as of March 31, 2019. The remaining balance of \$4,517,141 is amortized as of March 31, 2021.

The Company acquired transferable marketing rights of various Parent products from a third party for an aggregate amount of \$1,925,000. On July 31, 2018, the Company purchased an intangible in the amount of \$350,000 as an Abbreviated New Drug Application (ANDA) from laboratories. Management has determined that as of March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, the company intangibles were not impaired.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2021 and 2020

#### NOTE 5 DEBT

As of March 31, 2021 the Company has an outstanding balance of \$2,342,508 with the Bank of India..

#### NOTE 6 DEFERRED TAXES

Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities at March 31, 2021 are as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>
Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities):	
Net operating loss carryovers	\$ 22,660
Goodwill and other intangibles	291,235
Property, equipment and capital leases	(214,823)
Accruals and reserves not currently deductible	123,567
Capitalized inventory costs	80,081
Alternative minimum tax credit	5,304
State tax credit carryovers	<u>9,544</u>
Net Deferred Tax Assets	\$317,568

The Company has \$66,647 of Federal net operating loss carryforwards ("NOL's") that are available to reduce future taxable income. These NOL's expire at various dates through 2035.

The Company has \$14,460 of New York investment tax credit carryforwards that will start to expire after 2032.

#### NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **LEASES**

The Company leases office space located in Hauppauge, New York, under a non-cancelable operating lease which expired on November 2017 and automatically renews on an annual basis unless a 3 month written notice is provided. The Company is responsible for certain utilities and monthly maintenance under the lease. Rent expense was approximately \$12,063 and \$12,948, respectively for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020. The company also leases the warehouse at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2021 and 2020

#### NOTE 7 1271 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONT.)

The Company entered into a non-cancelable operating lease in March 2017 for warehouse space located in Hicksville, NY. The lease commence upon completion of various improvements as stipulated by the lease and will expire on the last day of the calendar month in which the eighty seven month anniversary of the commencement date occurred. The Company also entered into a ten year non-cancelable operating lease in July 2019 for warehouse space located in Melville, NY. The lease will expire on the last day of the calendar month in which the thirty sixth month anniversary of the commencement date occurred. Rent expense for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$819,967 and \$731,855, respectively.

Future minimum rental payments required under the above non-cancelable operating leases at March 31, 2021 are as follows:

For the	
Year Ending March 31,	<u>Amount</u>
2022	\$916,710
2023	942,935
2024	969,971
2025	886,772
Thereafter	3,642,038
Total	\$7,358,426

#### NOTE 8 LITIGATION CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the Company may be a party to litigation arising in the normal course of its business operations. In the opinion of management, it is not anticipated that the settlement or resolution of any such matters will have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial condition, liquidity or results of operations.

#### NOTE 9 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluates events that occur after the year-end date through the date the financial statements are available to be issued. Accordingly, management has evaluated subsequent events through May 21, 2021, and has determined that there were no subsequent events requiring adjustment to, or disclosure in, the financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2021 and 2020

#### NOTE 9 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS(CONT.)

On January 20, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO"), announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as pandemic, based on the repaid increase in exposure globally.

The 2020-21 has been a challenging year due to COVID with disruption to the supply chain from India & China being impacted at the beginning of the financial year. The demand for cough and cold products dropped significantly due to the lockdown impacting sales and production. Increased demand for number of prescription and OTC products due to COVID more than offset the shortfall and resulted in overall higher turnover. Overall business at the company has not been negatively impacted by COVID. The full impact of COVID 19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report.